CLAIMS

I claim:

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1	201	An apparatus for reducing laser speckle comprising:
2	a.	a polarizing beam splitter configured to divide a first polarized
3		laser output into a second polarized laser output and a third polarized
4		laser output, the first polarized aser output having a coherence length;
	b.	a light guide configured to create an optical path difference
6		between the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser
70		output, the optical path difference being at least about the coherence
8		length, the light guide being configured to direct the second polarized
9		laser output to the polarizing beam splitter such that the polarizing
10		beam splitter combines the second polarized laser output and the third
145		polarized laser output into a fourth laser output; and
12	c.	a depolarizing screen coupled to the fourth laser output, the
13		fourth laser output illuminating the depolarizing screen.
		,
1	2.	The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the light guide comprises a plurality
2	of mirrors.	
		\downarrow
1	3.	The apparatus of claim 2 parther comprising a half wave plate coupled
2	to the first po	plarized laser output, the half wave plate being configured to adjust a first

polarization angle for the first polarized laser output such that the second polarized

laser output and the third laser output have intensities that are about equal.

1	4.	The apparatus of claim 5 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a
2	diffuse reflec	ting surface.
1	5.,	The apparatus of claim 4 further comprising a laser for providing the
2	first polarized	d laser output.
1	6.	The apparatus of claim 3 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a
23 13	diffuse transr	mitting surface.
	7.	The apparatus of claim 6 further comprising a laser for providing the
	first polarized	d laser output.
1	`8.	The apparatus of claim 2 further comprising a laser for providing the
2	first polarized	d laser output, the laser being configured such that intensities of the
	second polari	zed laser output and the third polarized laser output are about equal.
. <u></u> 1	` 9.	The apparatus of claim 8 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a
2	diffuse reflec	ting surface.
1	10.	The apparatus of claim 8 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a
2	diffuse transr	nitting surface.
1	<i>t</i> 11.	The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the light guide comprises a
2 .	polarization p	preserving fiber optic.

1	12. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the polarizing beam splitter divides
2	the first polarized laser output by reflecting the second polarized laser output and
3	transmitting the third polarized laser output.
1	13. The apparatus of claim 12 wherein the polarizing beam splitter
2	combines the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output by
3	reflecting the second polarized laser output.
h	14. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the polarizing beam splitter divides
2	the first polarized laser output by transmitting the second polarized laser output and
3]	reflecting the third polarized laser output.
1	15. The apparatus of claim 14 wherein the polarizing beam splitter
2	combines the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output by
	transmitting the second polarized laser output.
O	16. A method of reducing laser speckle comprising the steps of:
2	a. dividing a first polarized laser output into a second polarized
3	laser output and a third polarized laser output, the first polarized laser
4	output having a coherence length, the second polarized laser output and
5	the third polarized laser output having orthogonal polarizations and
6	having intensities that are about equal;
7	b. creating an optical path difference between the second polarized
8	laser output and the third polarized laser output, the optical path
9	difference being at least about the coherence length;
10	c. combining the second polarized laser output and the third
11	polarized laser output into a fourth laser output; and

12	d.	illuminating a depolarizing screen with the fourth laser output.
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1	17.	The method of claim 16 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a
2	diffuse refle	ecting surface.
1	18.	The method of claim 16 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a
2	diffuse tran	smitting surface.
<u>d</u>	2 10.	An apparatus for reducing laser speckle comprising:
2	1 a.	a polarizing beam splitter configured to divide a first polarized
E'P	1	laser output into a second polarized laser output and a third polarized
4	1	laser output;
	b.	a plurality of mirrors configured to create an optical path
6		difference between the second polarized laser output and the third
Ŋ		polarized laser output, the plurality of mirrors configured to direct the
6 1 7 1 1 8 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		second polarized laser output to the polarizing beam splitter such that
ģ		the polarizing beam splitter combines the second polarized laser output
10		and the third polarized laser output into a fourth laser output;
11	c.	a piezoelectric transducer coupled to at least one of the mirrors,
12		the piezoelectric transducer being driven by an electrical signal such
13		that the optical path difference is varied by an amplitude, the amplitude
14		being at least about a half wavelength of the first polarized laser output,
15		the electrical signal having an electrical signal frequency; and
16	d.	a depolarizing screen coupled to the fourth laser output, the
17		fourth laser output illuminating the depolarizing screen, the electrical
18		signal frequency being at least a sufficient frequency such that laser
19		speckle is reduced.

1	3	2 Q.	The apparatus of claim 19 further comprising a half wave plate coupled
2		to the first pol	larized laser output, the half waye plate being configured to adjust a first
3		polarization as	ngle for the first polarized laser output such that the second polarized
4		laser output as	nd the third laser output have intensities that are about equal.
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1	4	ጂ.	The apparatus of claim 20 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a
2	'	diffuse reflect	λ
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E	5	½ 2.	The apparatus of claim 21 further comprising a laser for providing the
1 <u>-</u> 2 <u>-</u>	,	first polarized	laser output.
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	10	28.	The apparatus of claim 20 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a
2	*	diffuse transm	itting surface.
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Ę	7	X .	The apparatus of claim 3 further comprising a laser for providing the
2	•	first polarized	laser output.
			1 2
1	P	25.	The apparatus of claim 10 further comprising a laser for providing the
2		first polarized	laser output, the laser being configured such that intensities of the
3		second polariz	ed laser output and the third polarized laser output are about equal.
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1	ν	36.	The apparatus of claim 25 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a
2		diffuse reflect	ing surface.
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1	10	X Z.	The apparatus of claim 25 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a
2		diffuse transm	itting surface.
			·

		2.
1	11	The apparatus of claim 19 wherein the polarizing beam splitter divides
2		the first polarized laser output by reflecting the second polarized laser output and
3		transmitting the third polarized laser output.
1	12	The apparatus of claim 28 wherein the polarizing beam splitter
2	()	combines the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output by
3		reflecting the second polarized laser output.
		7- /
Ę	12	30. The apparatus of claim 19 wherein the polarizing beam splitter divides
2	(7)	the first polarized laser output by transmitting the second polarized laser output and
() Ø		reflecting the third polarized laser output.
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	14	31. The apparatus of claim 30 wherein the polarizing beam splitter
2	•	combines the second polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output by
3		transmitting the second polarized laser output.
4.4		a contract of the contract of
	1	32. The apparatus of claim wherein the electrical signal comprises a
2	()	non-square wave signal.
1	16	33. The apparatus of claim 12 wherein the electrical signal comprises a
2	("	square wave signal and further wherein the amplitude is about an odd multiple of the
3	-	half wavelength of the first polarized laser output.
	\langle	x
1	,	34. An apparatus for reducing laser speckle:
2		a. means for dividing a first polarized laser output into a second
3		polarized laser output and a third polarized laser output, the first
4		polarized laser output having a coherence length, the second polarized

5			laser output and the third polarized laser output having orthogonal
6			polarizations and having intensities that are about equal;
7		b.	means for oscillating an optical path length of the second
8			polarized laser output by an amplitude and with an oscillation
9			frequency, the amplitude being at least about a half wavelength of the
10			first polarized laser output;
11		c.	means for combining the second polarized laser output and the
12			third polarized laser output into a fourth laser output; and
13		d.	a depolarizing screen coupled to the fourth laser output, the
4			fourth laser output illuminating the depolarizing screen, the oscillation
5			frequency being at least a sufficient frequency such that laser speckle is
l 6			reduced.
1	A		\nearrow
1	160	35	The apparatus of claim wherein the means for dividing comprises a
		polarizing be	am splitter.
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H	14	36.	The apparatus of claim 35 wherein the means for combining comprises
2	,	the polarizing	g beam splitter.
	a	_	
1	20	3	The apparatus of claim 36 wherein the means for combining further
2		comprises:	•
3		a.	a first mirror coupled to the second polarized laser output, the
4			first mirror reflecting the second polarized laser output back to the
5			polarizing beam splitter;
6		b.	a first quarter wave plate coupled to the second polarized laser
7			output between the polarizing beam splitter and the first mirror such
8			that a first polarization angle for the second polarized laser output is

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9		rotated by ninety degrees upon the second polarized laser output
10		returning to the polarizing beam splitter;
11	c.	a second mirror coupled to the third polarized laser output, the
12		second mirror reflecting the third polarized laser output back to the
13		polarizing beam splitter; and
14	d.	a second quarter wave plate coupled to the third polarized laser
15		output between the polarizing beam splitter and the second mirror such
16		that a second polarization angle for the third polarized laser output is
16 13/5 18/5 (5) 75 (5) 18/5 (rotated by ninety degrees upon the third polarized laser output returning
18		to the polarizing beam splitter.
10		$oldsymbol{\iota}^{oldsymbol{ ho}} \parallel$
F	2138	The apparatus of claim of wherein the means for oscillating comprises
2	a piezoelectri	c transducer coupled to the first mirror.
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	2/32	The apparatus of claim 36 wherein the means for combining further
2	comprises a p	lurality of mirrors arranged such that the second polarized laser output
3	returns to the	polarizing beam splitter and further such that the second polarized laser
4	output combin	nes with the third polarized laser output to form the fourth laser output.
	4	\sim
1	V/4Q.	The apparatus of claim wherein the means for oscillating comprises
2	a-piezoelectri	transducer coupled to one of the mirrors.
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1	4	A method of reducing laser speckle comprising the steps of:
2	a.	dividing a first polarized laser output into a second polarized
3		laser output and a third polarized laser output, the second polarized
4		laser output and the third polarized laser output having orthogonal
5		polarizations and having intensities that are about equal:

6	b.	oscillating an optical path length for the second polarized laser
7		output by an amplitude and with an oscillation frequency, the amplitude
8		being at least about a half wavelength of the first polarized laser output
9	c.	combining the second polarized laser output and the third
10		polarized laser output into a fourth laser output; and
11	d.	illuminating a depolarizing screen with the fourth laser output,
12		the oscillation frequency being at least a sufficient frequency such that
13		laser speckle is reduced.
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1=	V 48	The method of claim 4 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a
	diffuse reflec	ting surface.
4.	la	h4
1	$\mathcal{V}_{^{AS}}$	The method of claim wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a
2	diffuse transr	nitting surface.
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ij	44.	An apparatus for reducing laser speckle comprising:
	a.	means for dividing a first polarized laser output into a second
3	``	polarized laser output and a third polarized laser output, the second
4	,	polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output having
5		orthogonal polarizations and having intensities that are about equal;
6	.)3 0 b.	means for switching between first and second optical path
7		lengths for the second polarized laser output, a difference between the
8	\mathcal{C}	first and second optical path lengths being about an odd multiple of a
9		half wavelength of the first polarized laser output;
10	c.	means for combining the second polarized laser output and the
		third relatived leave extract into a facility of
11		third polarized laser output into a fourth laser output;

12			d.	means for diverging the fourth laser output in a first direction to
13				create a fifth laser output;
14			e.	a scanning mirror coupled to the fifth laser output, the scanning
15				mirror reflecting the fifth laser output to create a line illumination; and
16		On .	f.	a depolarizing screen illuminated by the line illumination, the
17	cy	N.	o.	scanning mirror repeatedly scanning the line illumination across a
18		Ord	ķλ	portion of the depolarizing screen such that the means for switching
19				maintains the first optical path length for a first scan, switches to the
20				second optical path length for a second scan, and alternates between the
20. 11. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12				first and second optical path lengths for subsequent scans.
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ř.	100	45		The apparatus of claim wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a
BOY		diffus	e reflect	ting surface.
	Ø			22
Hall Rail Com Hall Tare Hall	V	46.		The apparatus of claim 44 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a
2		diffus	e transn	nitting surface.
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1	•	47.		A method of reducing laser speckle comprising the steps of:
2			a.	dividing a first polarized laser output into a second polarized
3				laser output and a third polarized laser output, the second polarized
4	ရာ			laser output and the third polarized laser output having orthogonal
5	cy's	J		polarizations and having intensities that are about equal;
6	X		b.	switching between first and second optical path lengths for the
7	·			second polarized laser output, a difference between the first and second
8				optical path lengths being about an odd multiple of a half wavelength of
9				the first polarized laser output:

10	c.	combining the second polarized laser output and the third
11		polarized laser output into a fourth laser output;
12	d.	diverging the fourth laser output in a first direction; and
13	(y) e.	scanning the fourth laser output in a second direction across a
14	chief .e.	portion of a depolarizing screen in a first scan with the first optical path
15	, Q.	length, in a second scan with the second optical path length, and in
16		subsequent scans alternating between the first and second optical path
17		lengths, the second direction being orthogonal to the first direction.
	7	30
	3 48.	The method of claim 47 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a
2	diffuse reflec	ting surface.
7	24	3 0
	3 42	The method of claim 47 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a
	diffuse transn	nitting surface.
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الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله	37. _{30.}	An apparatus for reducing laser speckle comprising:
2	a.	means for combining a first polarized laser output and a second
3		polarized laser output, the first polarized laser output being incoherent
4		with the second polarized laser output, the first polarized laser output
5		and the second polarized laser output having orthogonal polarizations,
6.		whereby a third laser output is formed; and
7	ь.	a depolarizing screen coupled to the third laser output.
	24.	33
1	9 5/1.	The apparatus of claim 30 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a
2	diffuse reflec	ting surface.

The apparatus of claim 50 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a diffuse transmitting surface.

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The apparatus of claim 30 wherein the means for combining comprises a polarizing beam splitter.

The apparatus of claim 50 wherein the means for combining comprises a multilayered dielectric device which transmits the first polarized laser output and reflects the second polarized laser output

The apparatus of claim 30 wherein the means for combining comprises a birefringent crystal.

A method for reducing laser speckle comprising the steps of:

combining a first polarized laser output and a second polarized a. laser output to form a third laser output, the first polarized laser output being incoherent with the second polarized laser output, the first polarized laser output and the second polarized laser output having orthogonal polarizations; and

b. illuminating a depolarizing screen with the third laser output.

diffuse reflecting surface.

The method of claim 36 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a

The method of claim 3 wherein the depolarizing screen comprises a diffuse transmitting surface.

1	42 30.	An apparatus for reducing laser speckle comprising:
2	a.	means for rotating a polarization of a laser output, whereby a
3		rotating polarization is formed, the rotating polarization being driven
4		with a rotation frequency; and
5	b.	a depolarizing screen coupled to the laser output, the rotation
6		frequency being sufficient to reduce laser speckle.
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1	43.60.	The apparatus of claim so wherein the means for rotating comprises an
2	electro-optic p	olarization rotator.
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ij	47g.	The apparatus of claim wherein the means for rotating comprises a
	half wave plate	e, the half wave plate being mechanically rotated.
ħ	14.86.	A method for reducing laser speckle comprising the steps of:
	a.	rotating a polarization of a laser output, whereby a rotating
3		polarization is formed ∥the rotating polarization being driven with a
4		rotation frequency; and
5	b.	illuminating a depolarizing screen with the laser output, the
6		rotation frequency being sufficient to reduce laser speckle.
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1	5/12/03	An apparatus for reducing laser speckle:
2	a.	means for dividing a first polarized laser output into a second
3		polarized laser output and a third polarized laser output, the first
4		polarized laser output having a coherence length, the second polarized
5		laser output and the third polarized laser output having orthogonal
6		polarizations and having intensities that are about equal;

	_)
7	S. b.	a light guide coupled to the second polarized laser output, the
8	so Color	light guide creating an optical path difference between the second
9	CYAN	polarized laser output and the third polarized laser output, the optical
10		path difference being at least about the coherence length;
11	c.	means for combining the second polarized laser output and the
12		third polarized laser output into a fourth laser output; and
13	d.	a depolarizing screen counled to the fourth laser output.
	64.	The apparatus of claim 63 wherein the means for dividing comprises a
	polarizing bea	nm splitter.
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Ļ	65.	The apparatus of claim 64 wherein the means for combining comprises
2	the polarizing	beam splitter.
15		
Ų	66.	The apparatus of claim 65 wherein the light guide further comprises:
	a.	a first mirror coupled to the second polarized laser output, the
3		first mirror reflecting the second polarized laser output back to the
4		polarizing beam splitter;
5	b.	a first quarter wave plate coupled to the second polarized laser
6		output between the polarizing beam splitter and the first mirror such
7	•	that a polarization angle for the second polarized laser output is rotated
8		by ninety degrees upon a first return of the second polarized laser
9		output to the polarizing beam splitter;
10	c.	a second mirror coupled to the second polarized laser output
11		subsequent to the first return of the second polarized laser output to the
12		polarizing beam splitter, the second mirror reflecting the second
13		polarized laser output back to the polarizing beam splitter; and

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d.	a second quarter wave plate coupled to the second polarized
	laser output between the polarizing beam splitter and the second mirror
	such that the polarization angle for the second polarized laser output is
	rotated by ninety degrees upon the second polarized laser output
	returning to the polarizing beam splitter.

- 67. The apparatus of claim 65 wherein the light guide comprises a plurality of mirrors.
- 68. The apparatus of claim 65 wherein the light guide comprises a polarization preserving fiber optic.